

SERVIZIO SANITARIO REGIONALE
EMILIA - ROMAGNA
Istituto Ortopedico Rizzoli di Bologna
Istituto di Ricovero e Cura a Carattere Scientifico



Elaborazione di un planning chirurgico ottimale in casi complessi: il parere del bioingegnere

Alberto Leardini D.Phil.

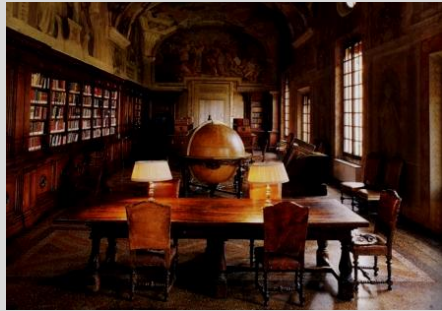
Movement Analysis Laboratory, IRCCS Istituto Ortopedico Rizzoli, Bologna, Italy



President (August 2021 – August 2023)
of the International Society of Biomechanics, founded on August 1973

TREDICESIMO CONVEGNO DI TRAUMATOLOGIA CLINICA E FORENSE
24-25 Novembre 2023
Palazzo dei Congressi - Salsomaggiore Terme

IRCCS ISTITUTO ORTOPEDICO RIZZOLI, Bologna



The Library, 1517



Opening, June 1896



Prosthetics-Orthotics
since 1896



BORS at IOR, 1921



- More than **150 physicians, 300 researchers, 300 publications/yy;**
- **20.000 treated patients/yy;**
- **130.000 out-patient visits/yy;**
- **258.000 medical services/yy** on aggregate;
- **Research activities** (Labs) on biomechanics, biology, oncology, biotechnology, immunorheumatology, tissue regeneration etc.
- Three University **Clinics in Orthopaedics** and one in **Rehabilitation Medicine**



MOVEMENT ANALYSIS LAB



3D FLUOROSCOPY



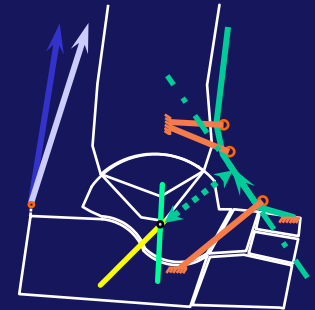
R.S.A

*Post-operative
assessments*

MOTION
ANALYSIS



*Pre-operative
analyses*



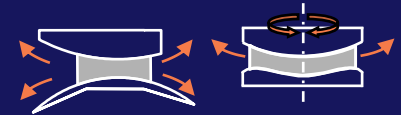
JOINT MODELLING

- Planning the correct surgery
- Supporting prosthesis implantation
- Monitoring functional performance
- Making earlier prognosis of failure
- Designing new prostheses

now custom-made, because of AM!

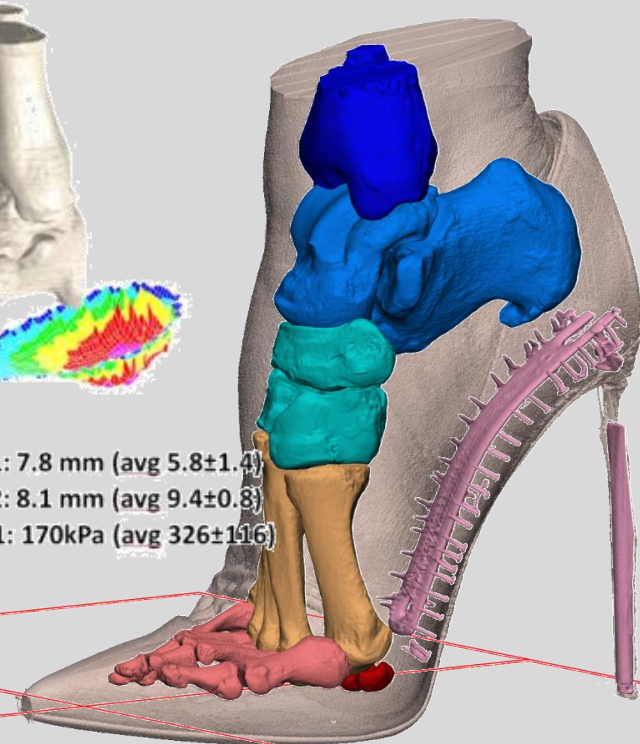
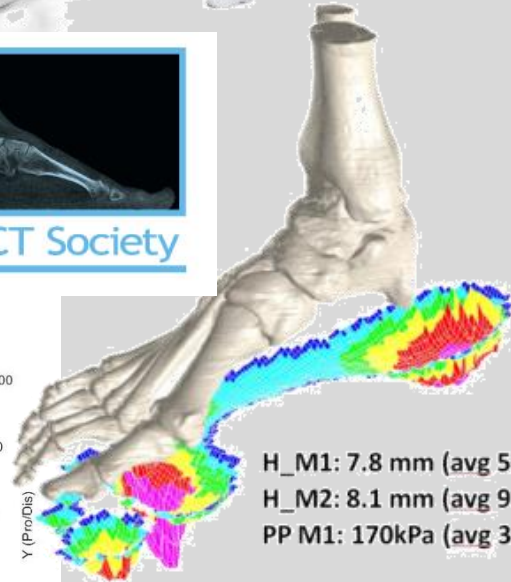
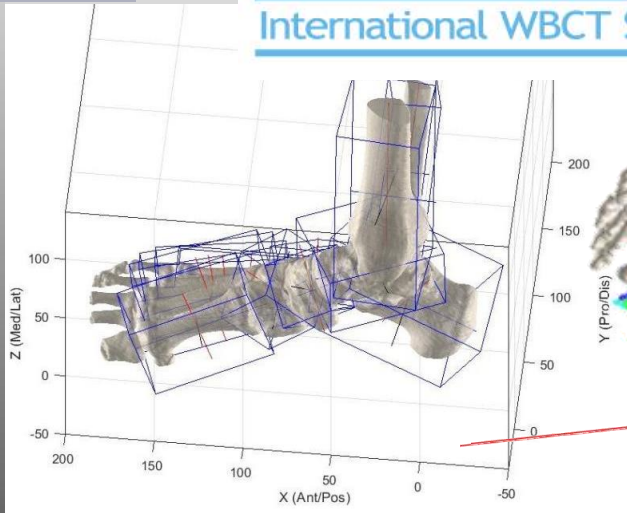
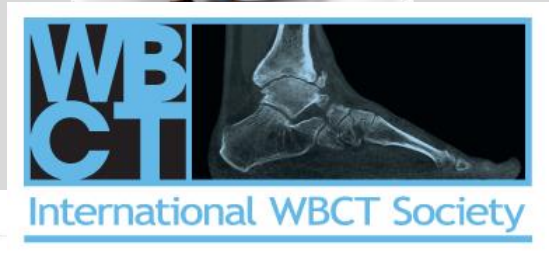
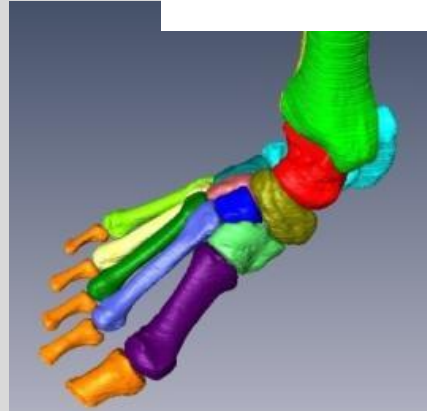
*Intra-operative
measures*

SURGICAL
NAVIGATION



PROSTHESIS
DESIGN

3D MODELS from WBCT scans

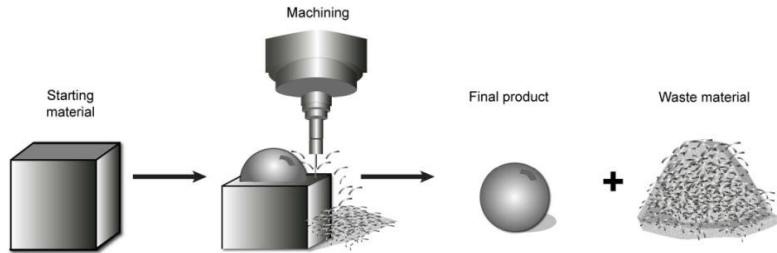


- Leardini et al. Semin Musculoskelet Radiol 2019; Durastanti et al. Quant Imaging Med Surg 2021
- Caravaggi et al. Appl Sci 2021; Ortolani et al. Scien Rep 2021; Giacomozzi et al. Appl Sci 2021

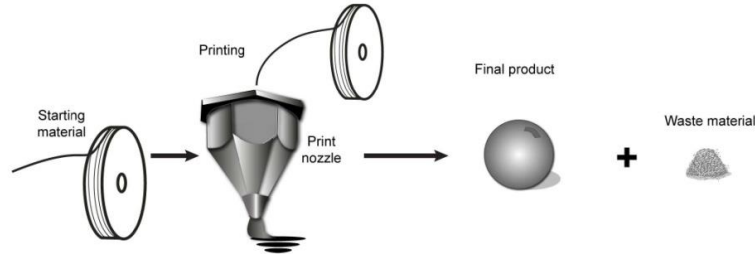


3D-PRINTING: Technology - Techniques

Subtractive manufacturing

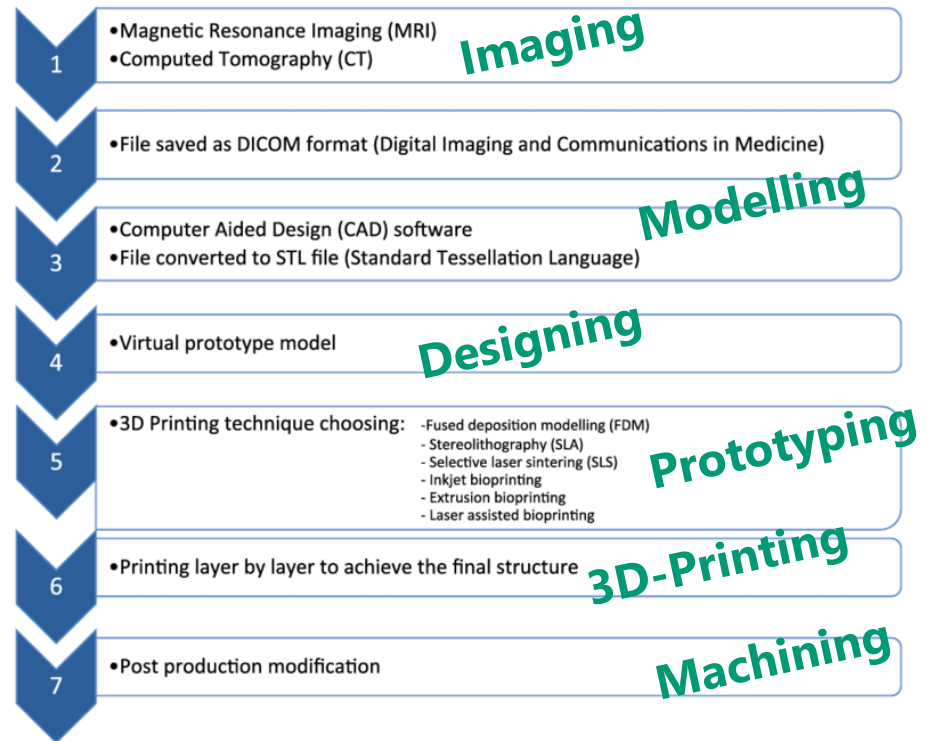


Additive manufacturing

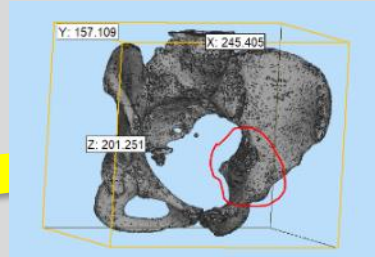


*Subtractive
VS
Additive
manufacturing*

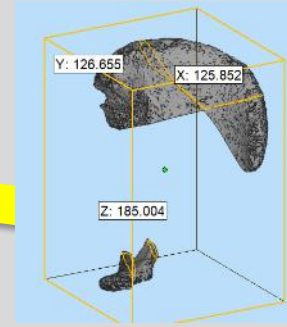
FlowChart



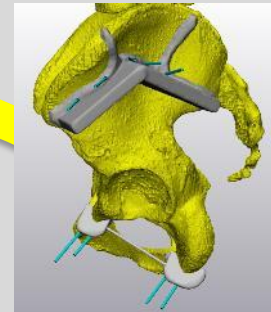
CUSTOM-MADE in Orthopaedics: the flowchart



1. Imaging (DICOM files)
the area to identify tissues
> 3D models (STL files)



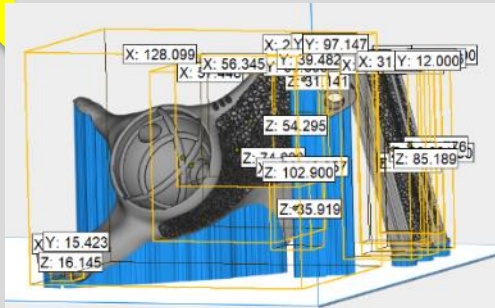
2. Definition of 3D resection planes
(surgeon&engineer) >> healthy hosting tissues



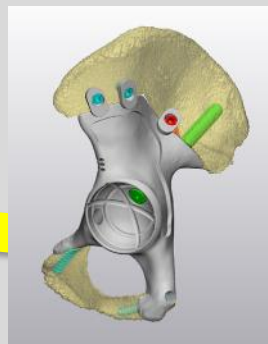
3. 3D design of cutting guides



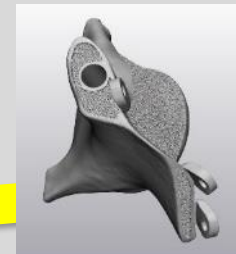
8. Final physical check
of the assembly



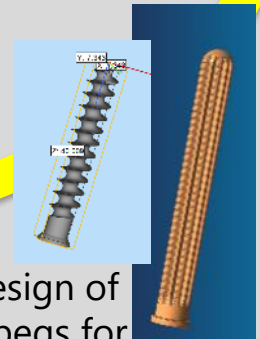
7. Executive model for 3DP: metals
(implant & accessories), polymers
(cutting guides & biomodels)



6. Virtual check of the full assembly

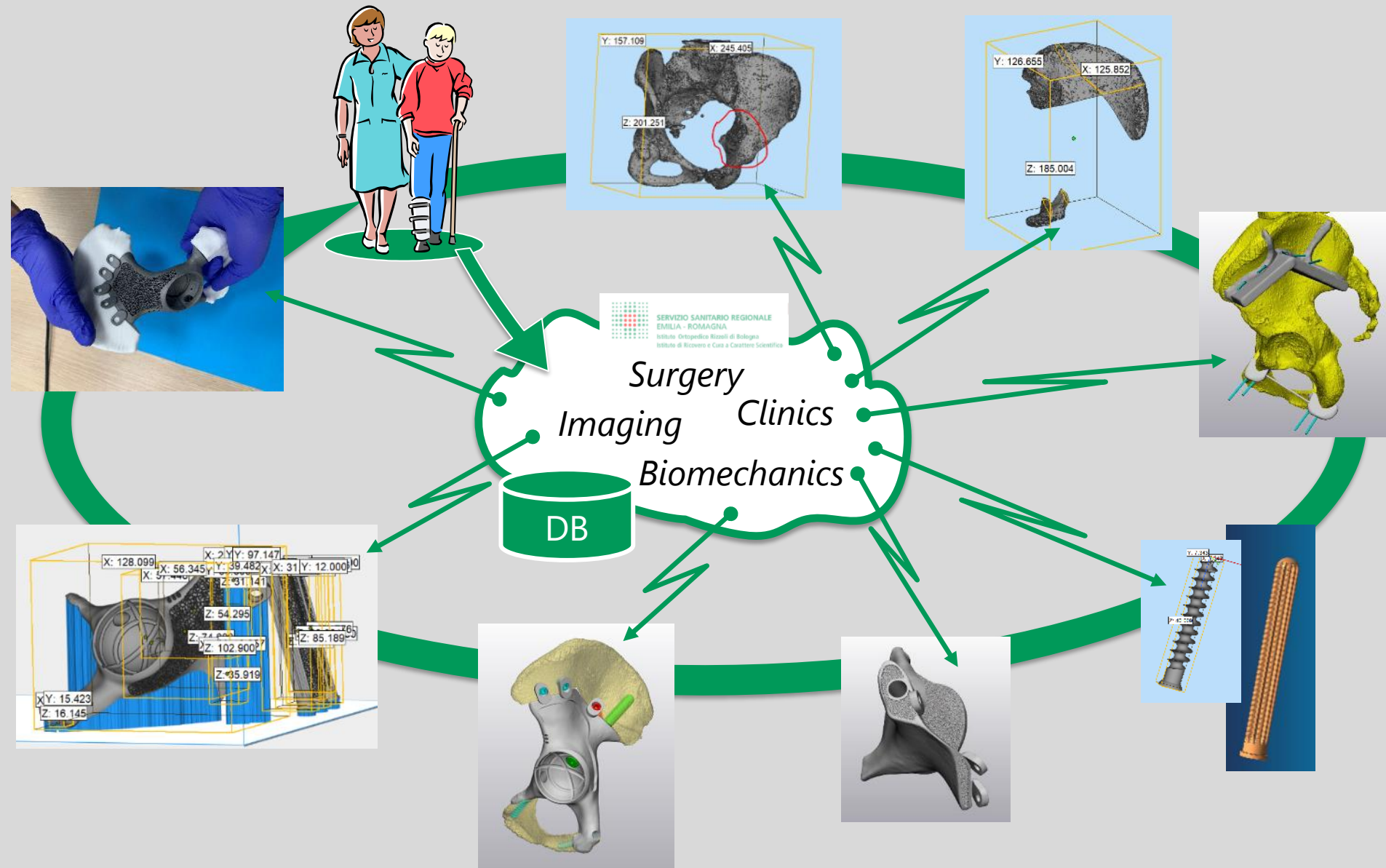


5. 3D general model of implant



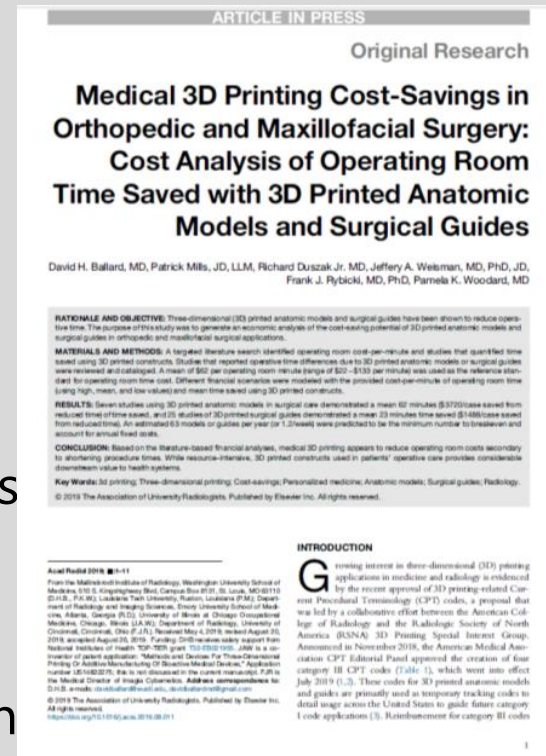
4. 3D design of screws/pegs for osteosynthesis
(primary fixation)

CUSTOM-MADE in Orthopaedics: IOR contributes



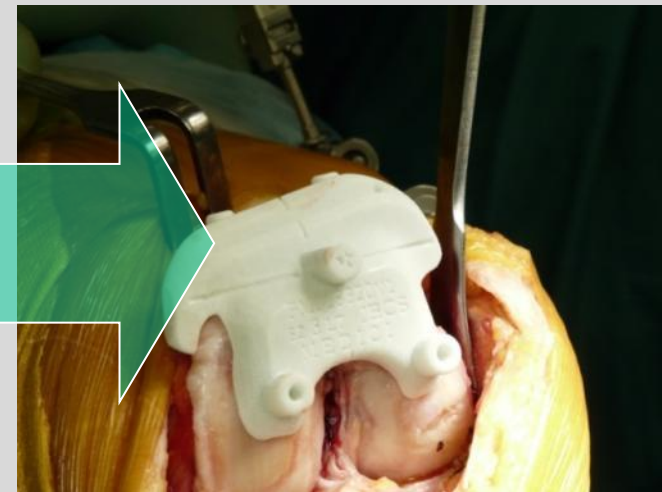
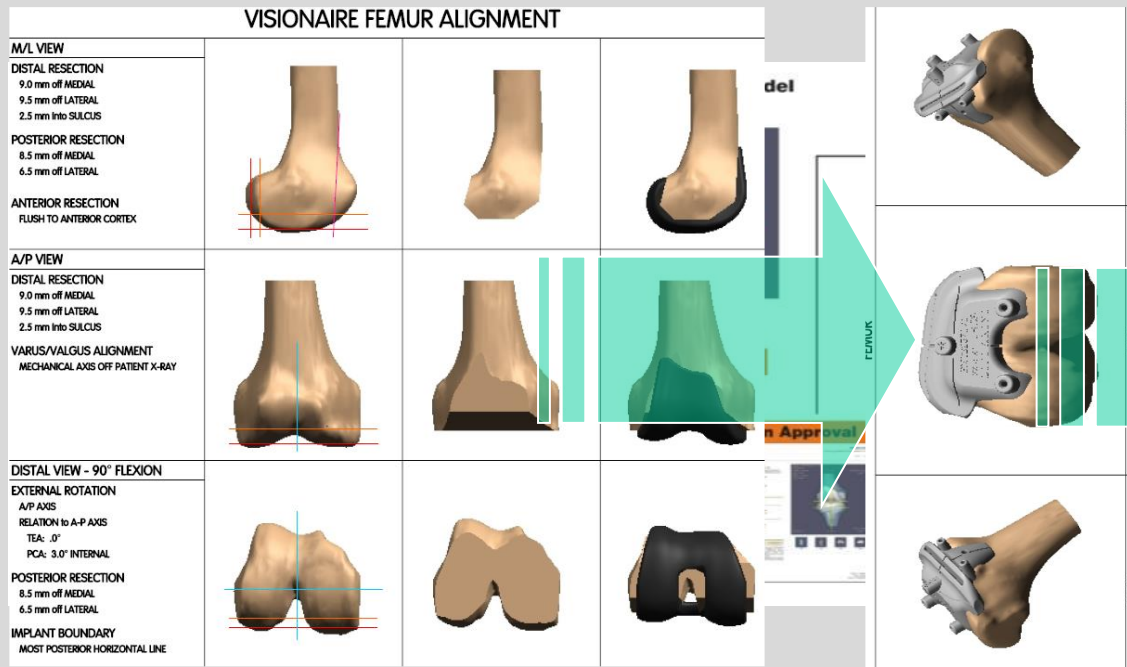
CUSTOM-MADE in Orthopaedics: why?

- Full 3D picture of each single patient condition
- Better accuracy and less bone removal
- No longer size related issues
- Minimal invasiveness
- Partial replacement / resurfacing
- Respect of natural patient physiology
- Shorter surgical time via customized fixation and tools
- Less invasive surgery, for shorter recovery
- Longer survivorship, and less failures and revisions
- Better Communication / Education / Training / Planning
- Cheaper (?): manufacturing, stock, efficacy, operation-time, contentious ...
- Less travelling, for patients, surgeons, implants ... good for everybody



PSI in Total Knee Replacement

- 3D Printing of custom-fit cutting blocks for femoral & tibial resections, derived from lower-limb scans (CT, MRI)
- Faster, more accurate and cheaper (no additional instrumentation!) ?

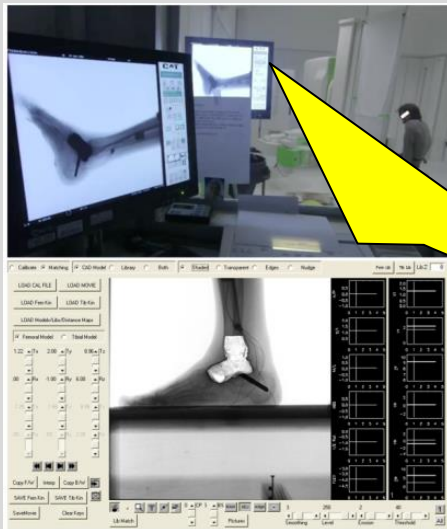
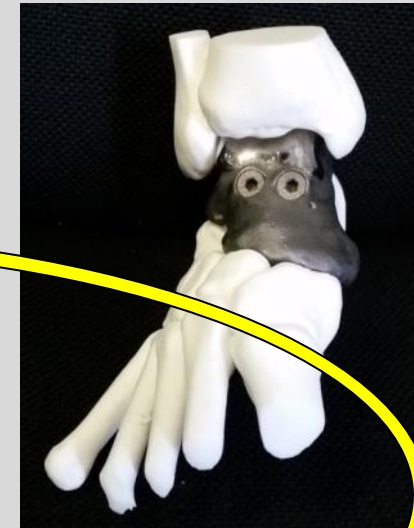
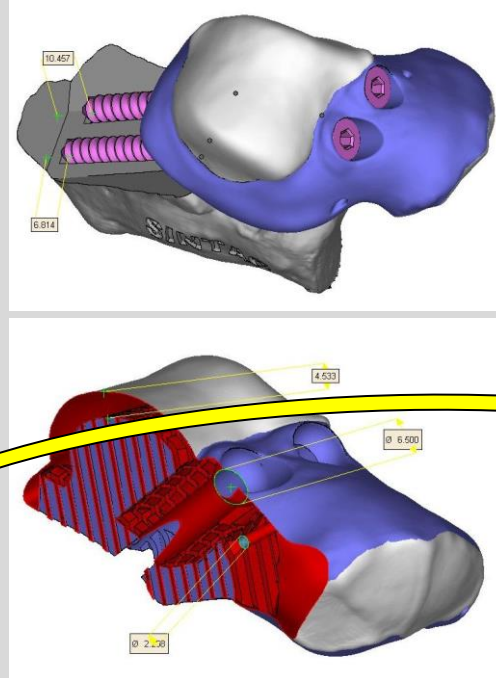
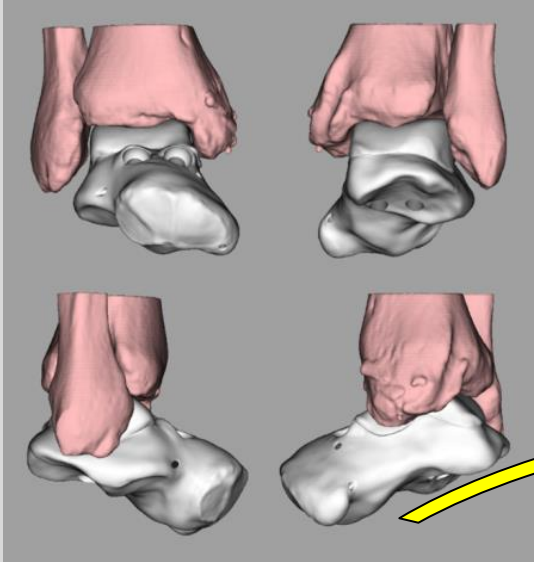


- Belvedere et al. Int J Med Robot 2007
- Cenni et al. J Orthop Res 2014
- Ensini et al. Knee Surg Sports Traum Arthr 2014

Massive Osteoarticular Reconstructions

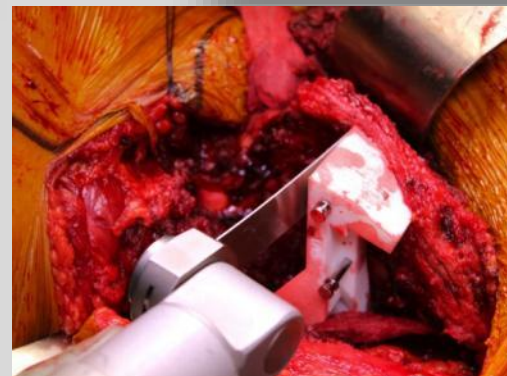
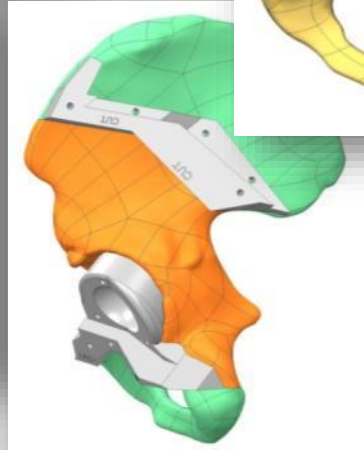
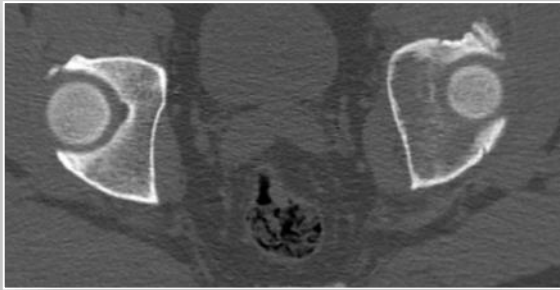
Custom-Made Total Talonavicular Replacement

- From CT scans of the contralateral
- Prosthesis in cobalt-chrome alloy powder melting

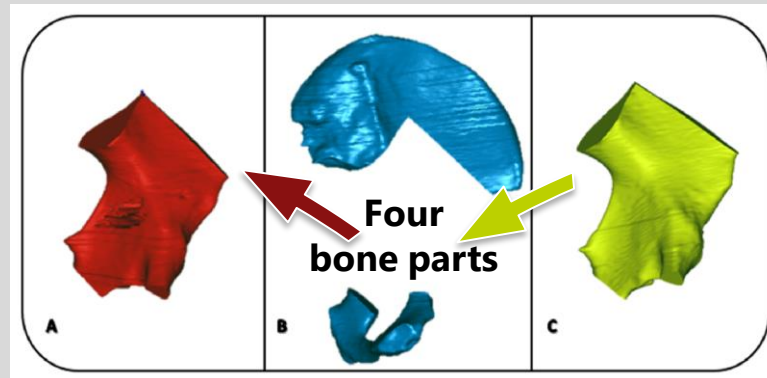
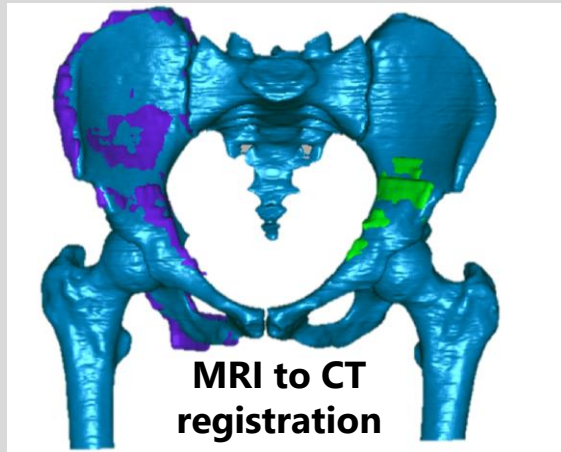
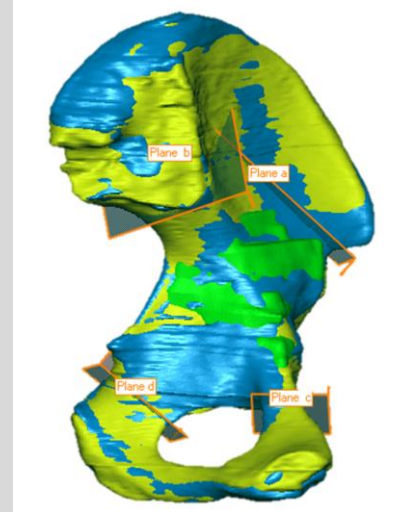
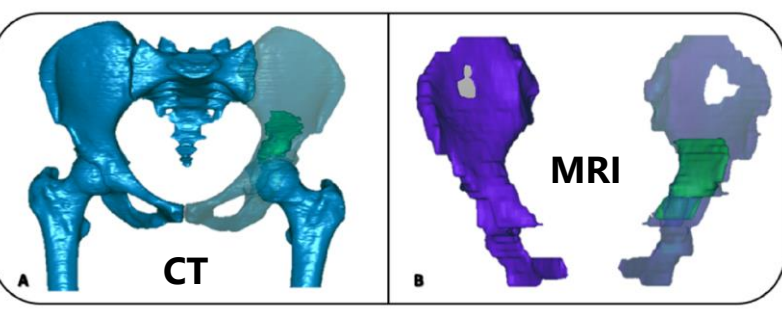
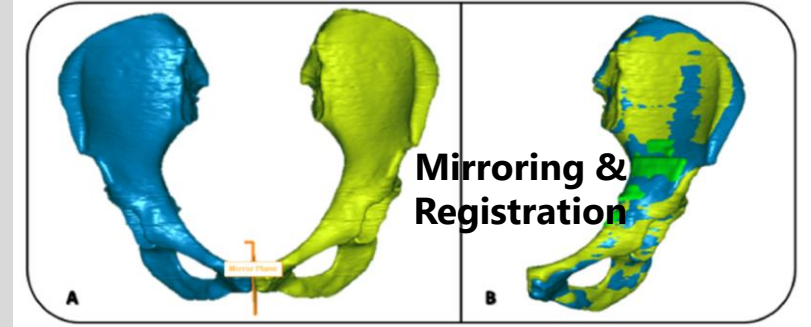
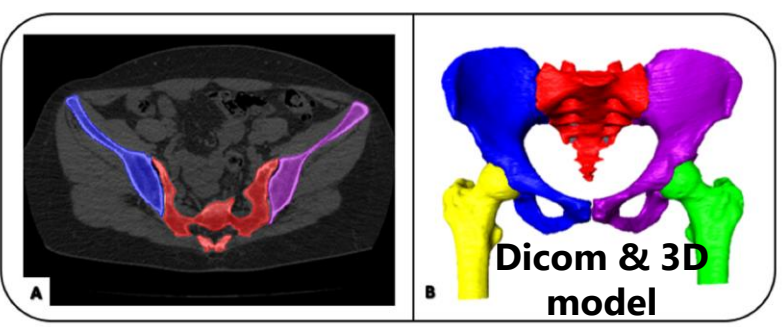


Pelvic Reconstruction in Oncology: the steps

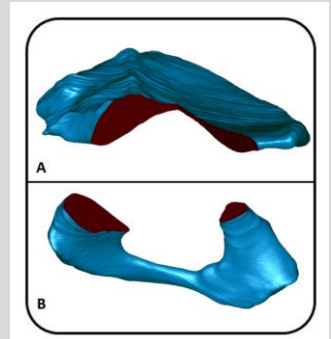
Custom-made implants and guides for bone tumor surgery



Pelvic Reconstruction in Oncology: modelling

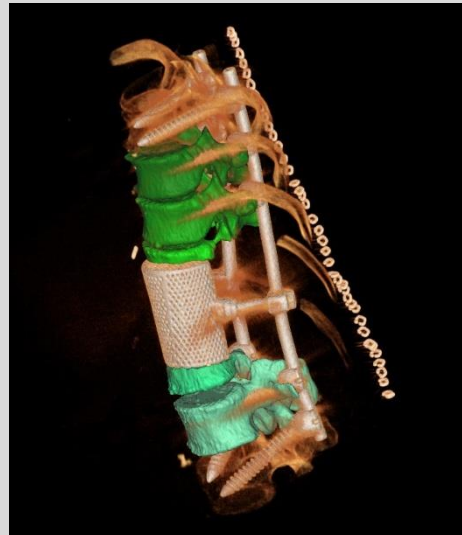
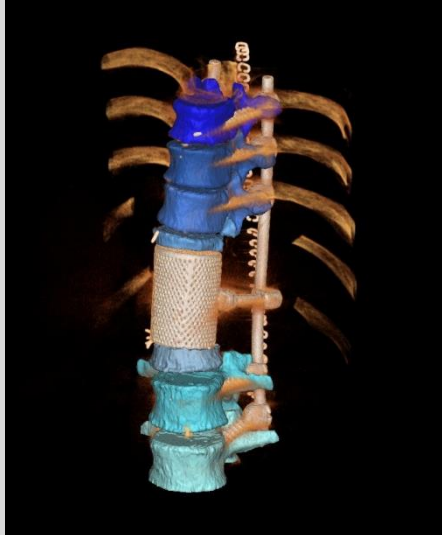
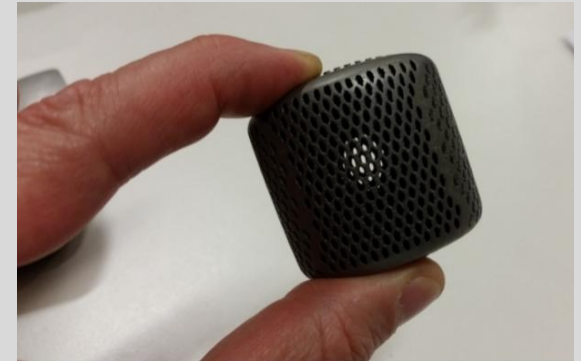
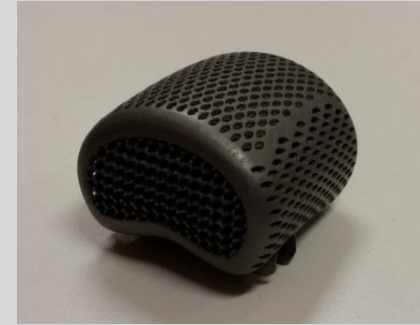
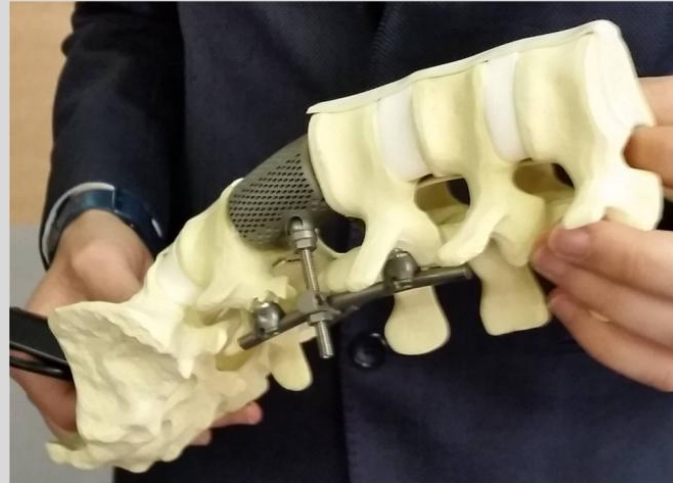
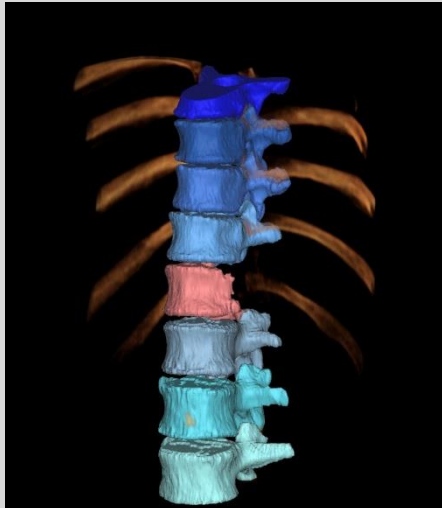


Bone section-areas



Vertebral Body Replacement

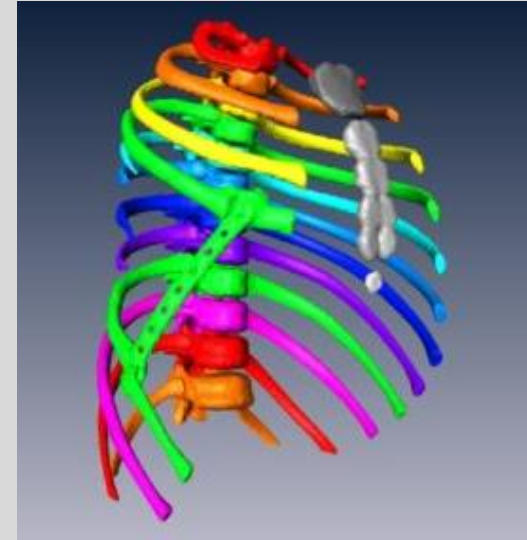
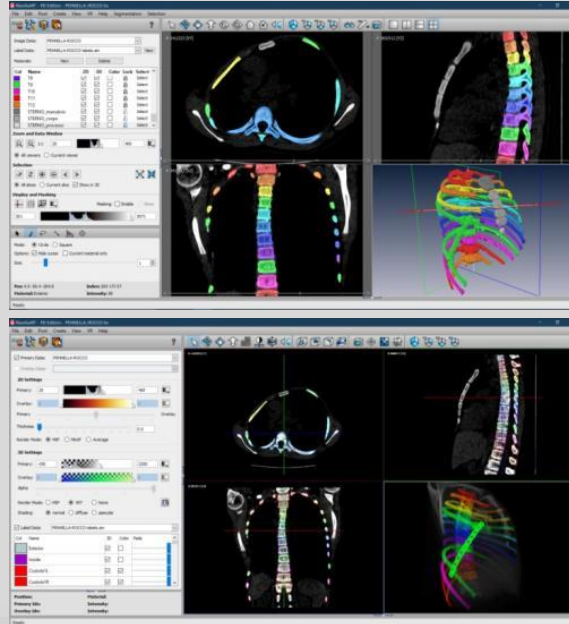
- Titanium alloy, lightweight (density 10%), also to favour bone ingrowth: 21 patients
- Surgical time from 12 – 30 hours, to 7 – 8 hours



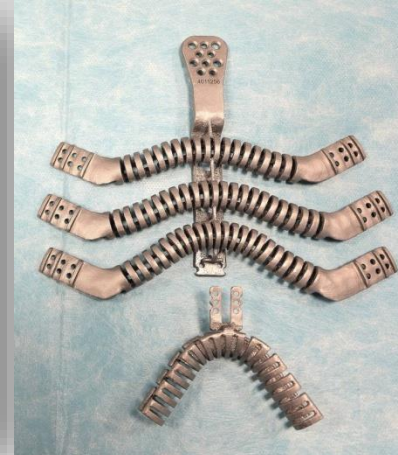
Surgery for Thorax/Sternum reconstruction

Patient-specific chest wall reconstruction implants

- After a wide resection for wide anterior chest wall defect



La ragazza
con lo sterno
in titanio 3D è
diventata mamma



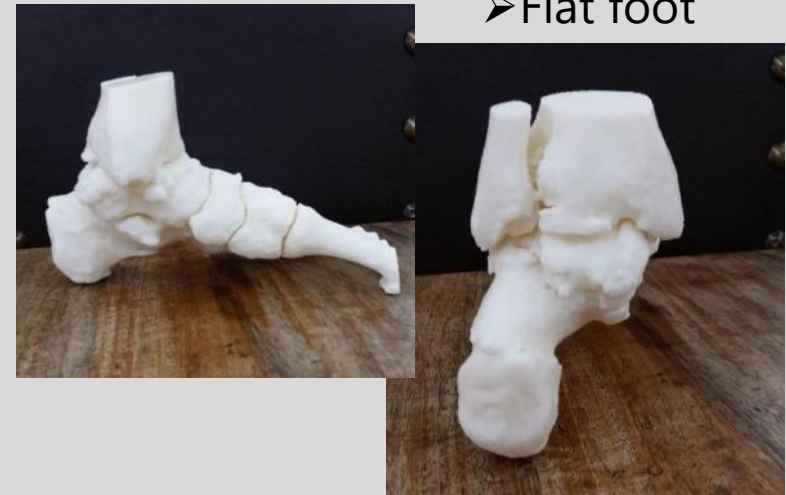
Biomodels, support to surgery & communications

Pre-op planning, surgical guides, training, patient communication ...

➤ Elbow arthritis and deformities



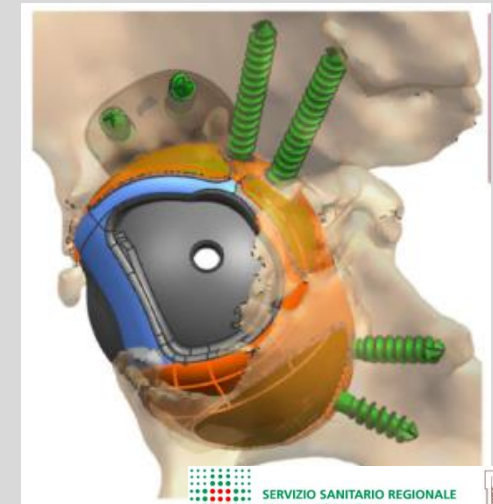
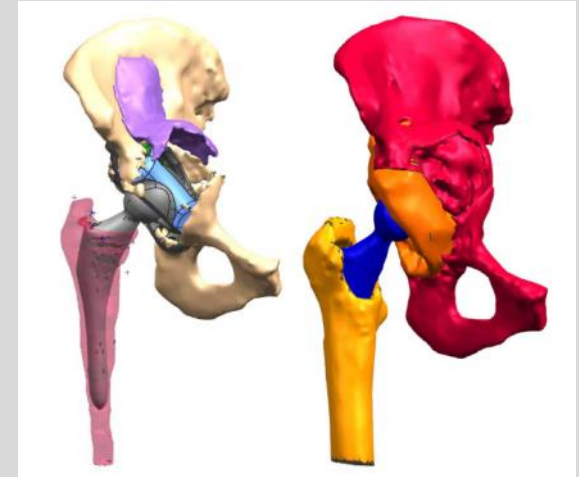
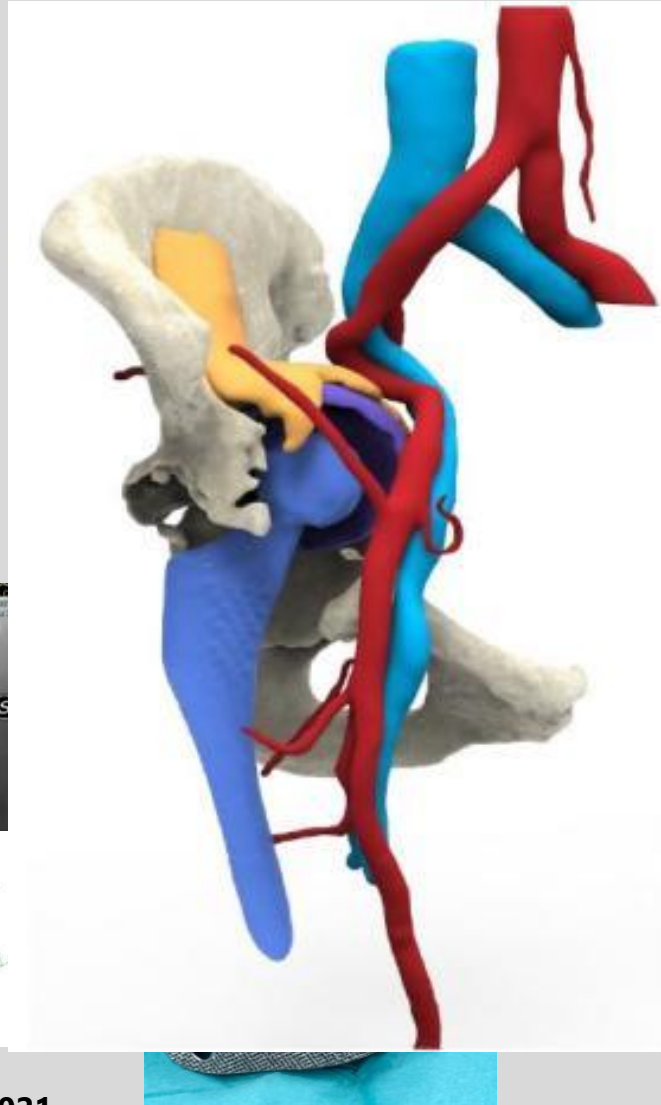
➤ Flat foot



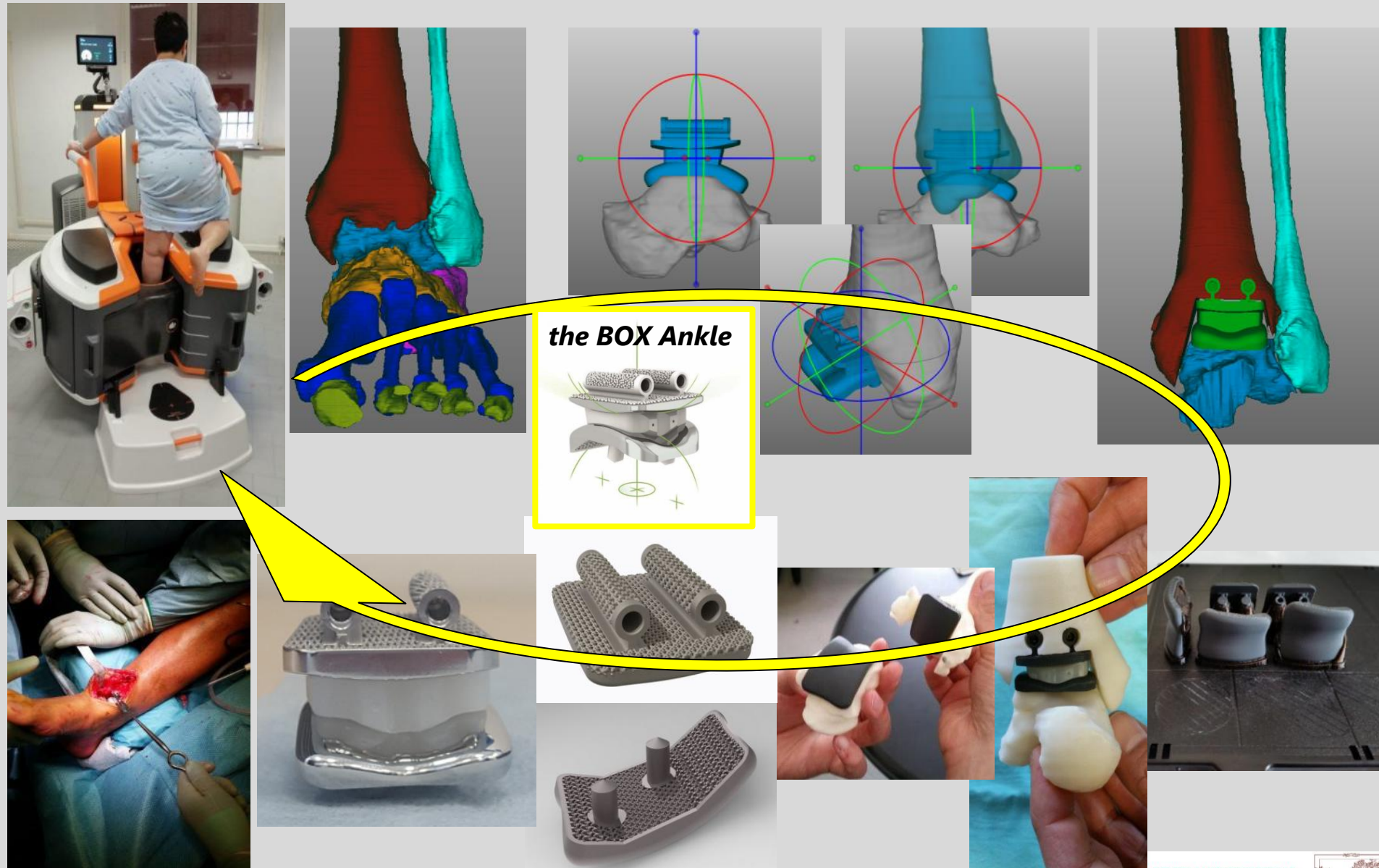
Hip Revision Surgery: role of biomodels

3D anatomical models and implants

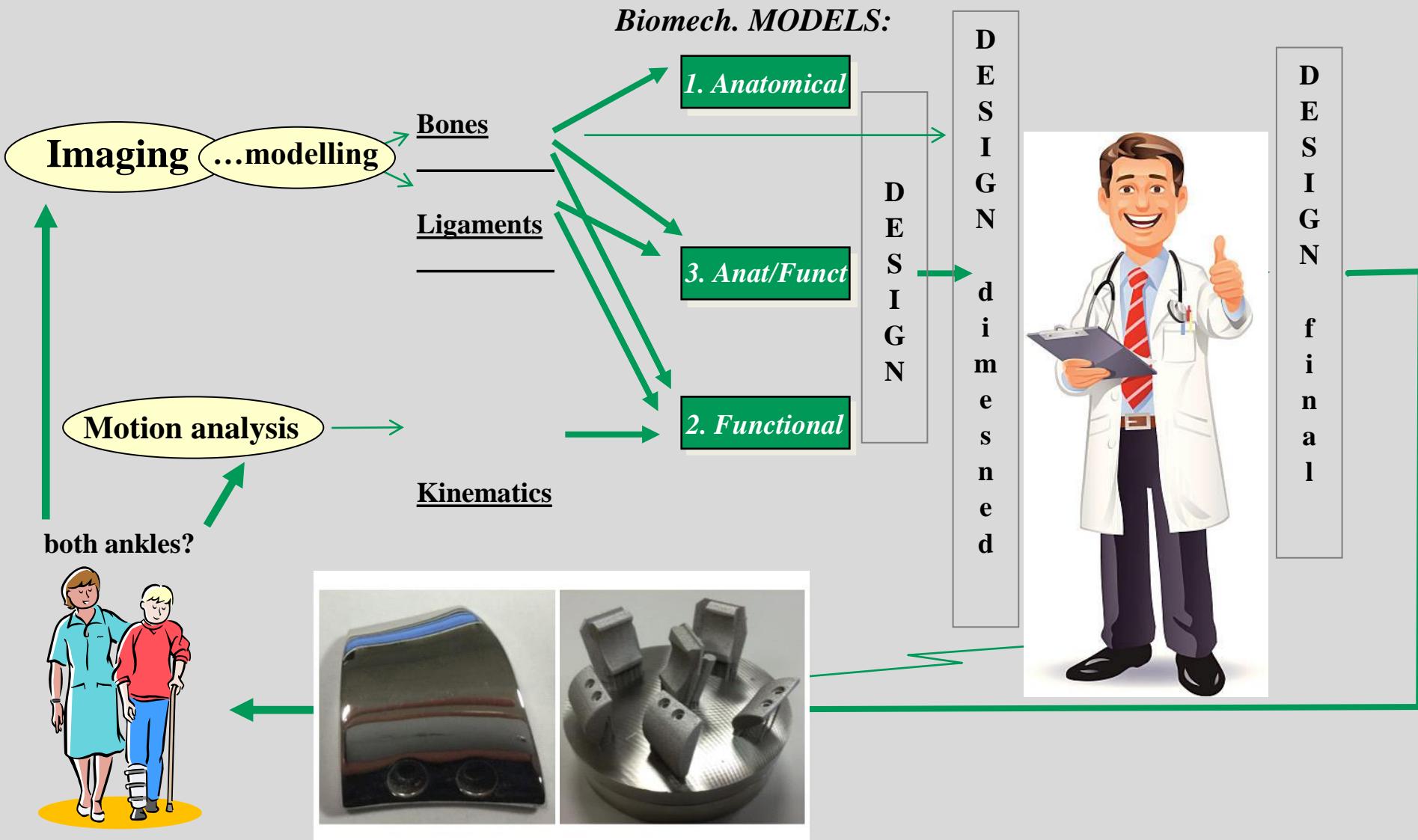
- Full reconstructions after failures of THR, with massive bone loss



Total Ankle Replacement: workflow for custom

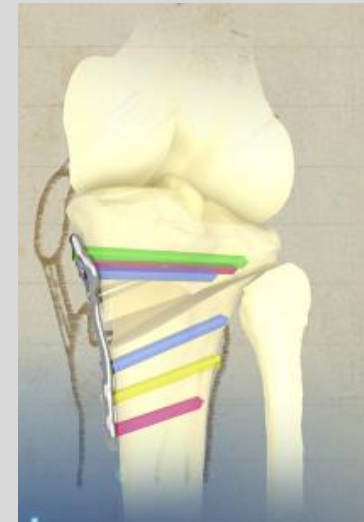
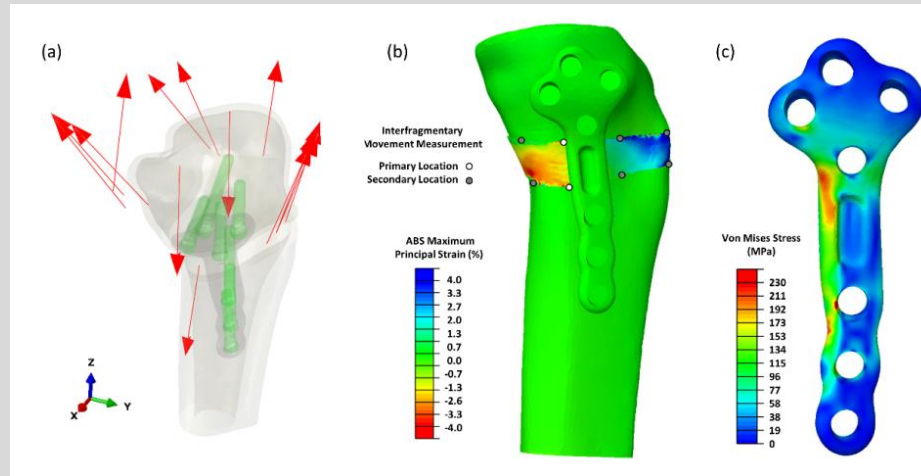
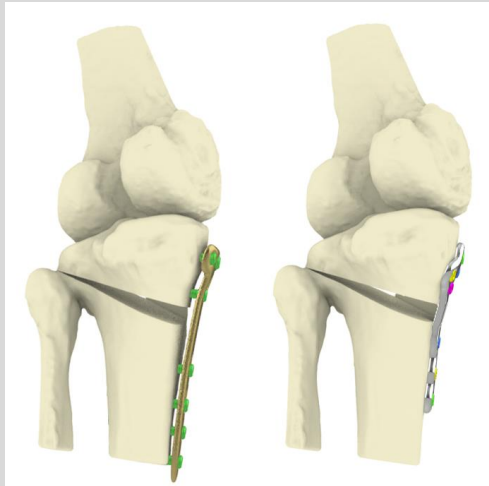


Total Ankle Replacement: options, preferences

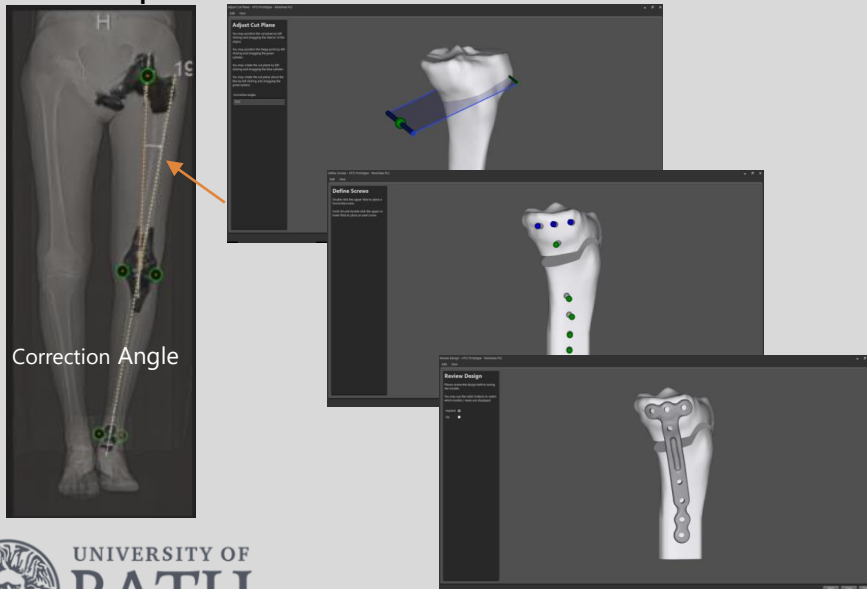


High Tibia Osteotomy: custom guide and plate

- Goal: 3D alignment correction, and perfect match of plate and screws

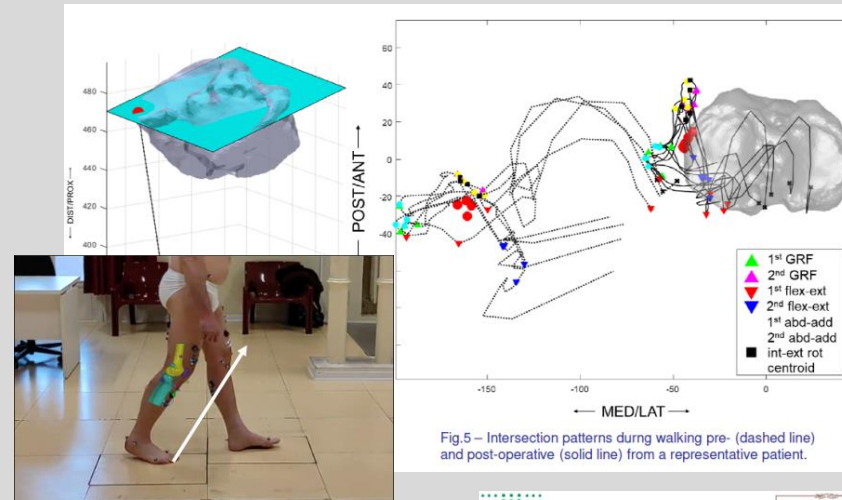


- 3D plan



- MacLeod et al. Bone Joint Res 2018; MacLeod et al. Comm Med 2021

- Medical-imaging combined with Gait-analysis



- Ruggeri et al. Gait Post 2022; Belvedere et al. App Sci 2023 in review



Disciplines - Resources - Synergies

Via combination of multi- instrumental/disciplinary activities

NEEDS:

- ✓ Overall plan of the treatment
- ✓ Data capture (scans, medical imaging, ...)
- ✓ Medical imaging analysis
- ✓ Geometrical modelling
- ✓ Biomechanical modelling
- ✓ Design of the device (clinical, surgical, technical)
- ✓ Prototyping
- ✓ Implantation procedure, pre-op planning
- ✓ Final manufacturing (additive)
- ✓ Final implantation
- ✓ Tests: Mechanical, Functional & Biological

PRINTERS



Organization / Administration: paradigm A



Hospital

Clinical
assess.

Radiology

Surgery

*Dicom
images*

**Implant &
Instrumentation**

INDUSTRY

- Design refining
- 3D printing
- Finishing / Polishing / Sterilising
- Packaging / Tracking



Modelling

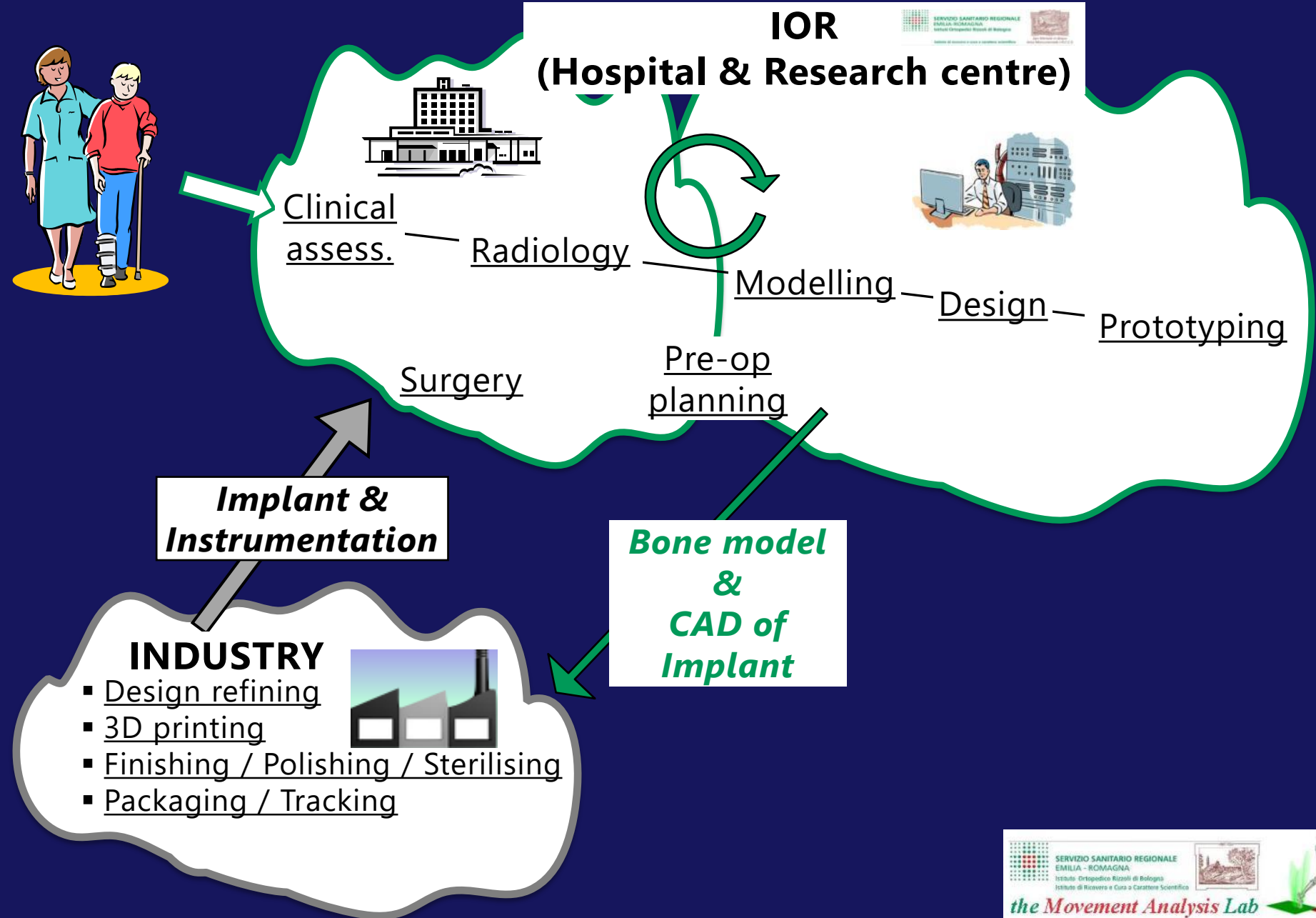
Design

Prototyping

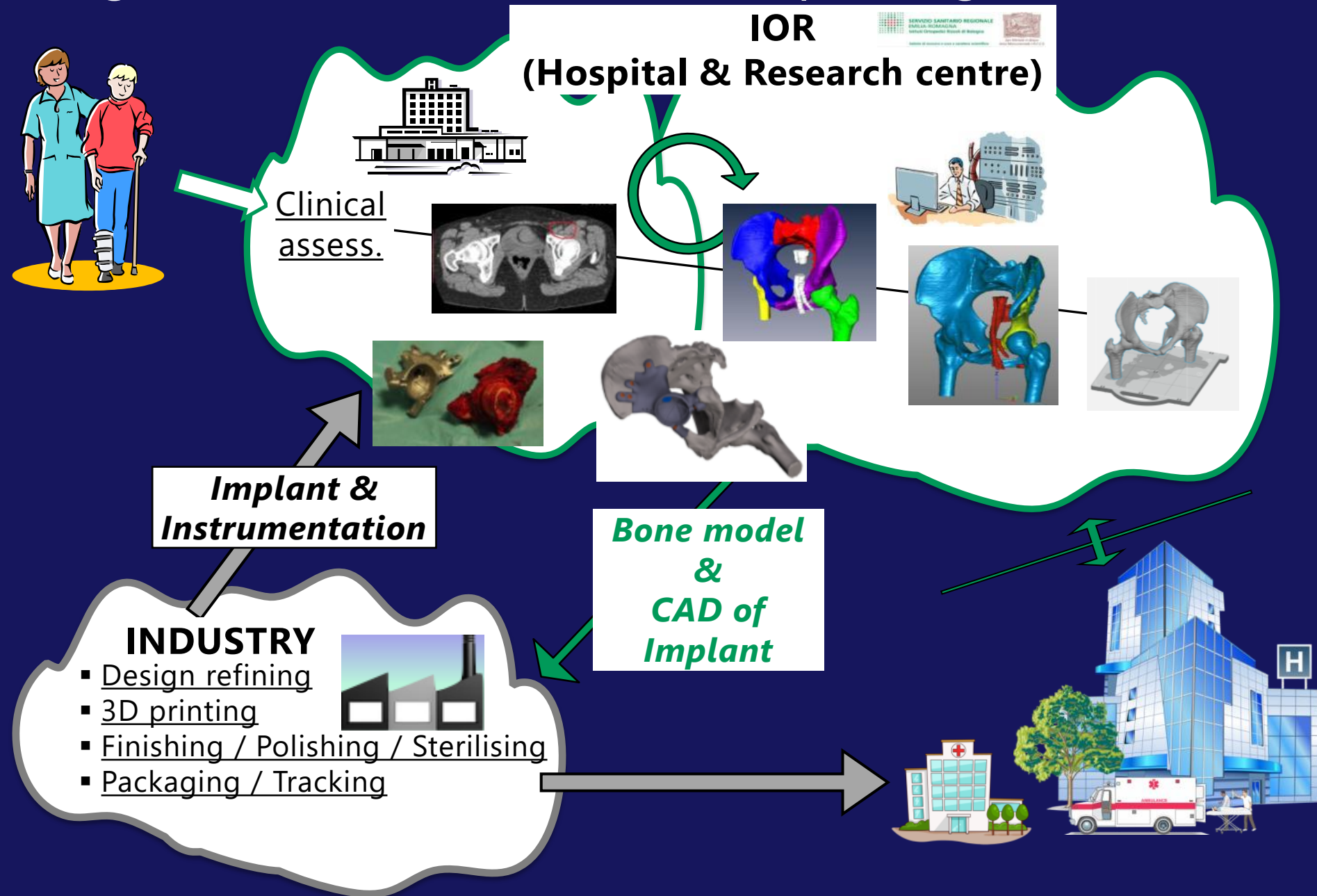
Pre-op
planning



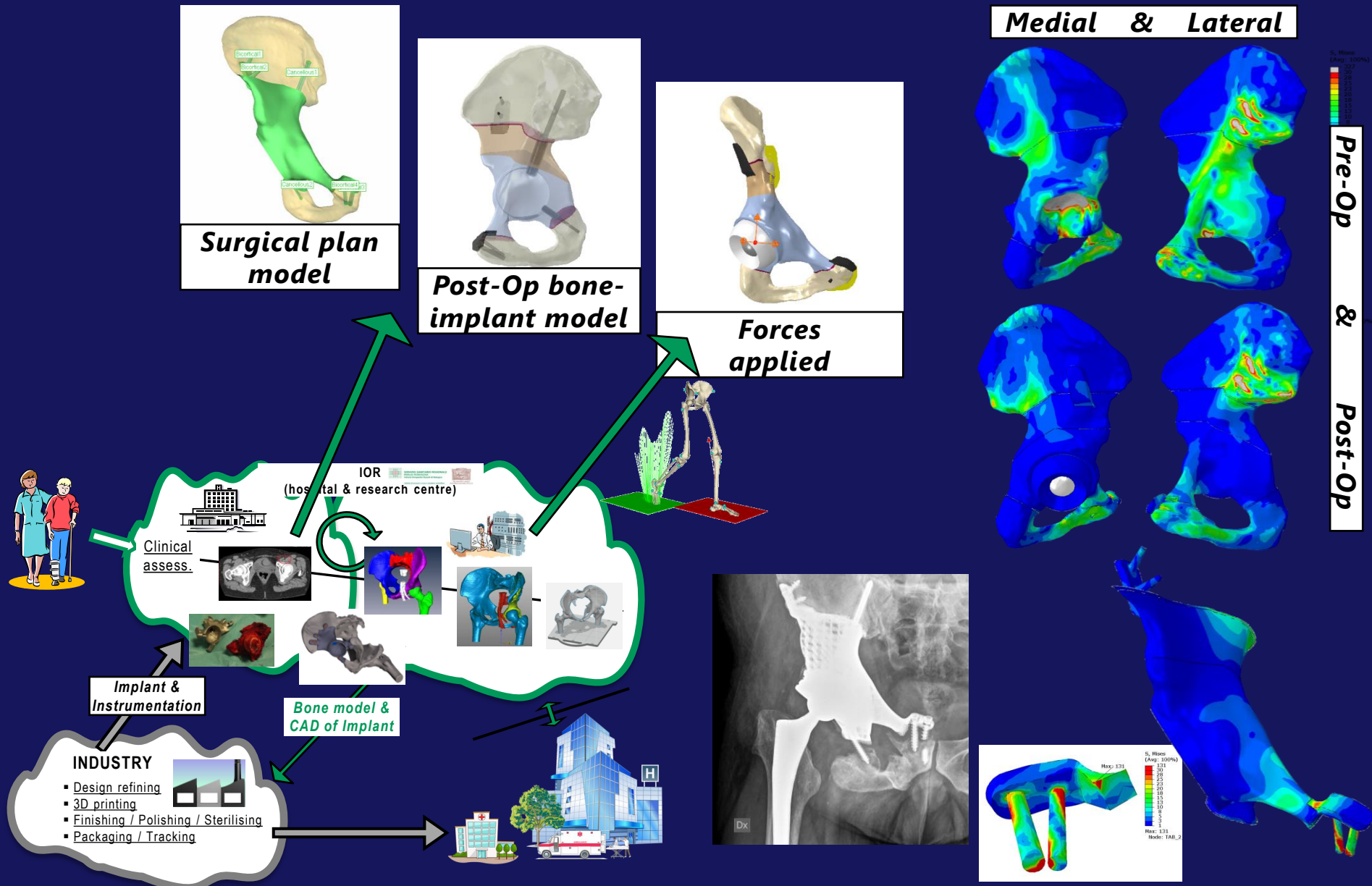
Organization / Administration: paradigm B



Organization / Administration: paradigm B

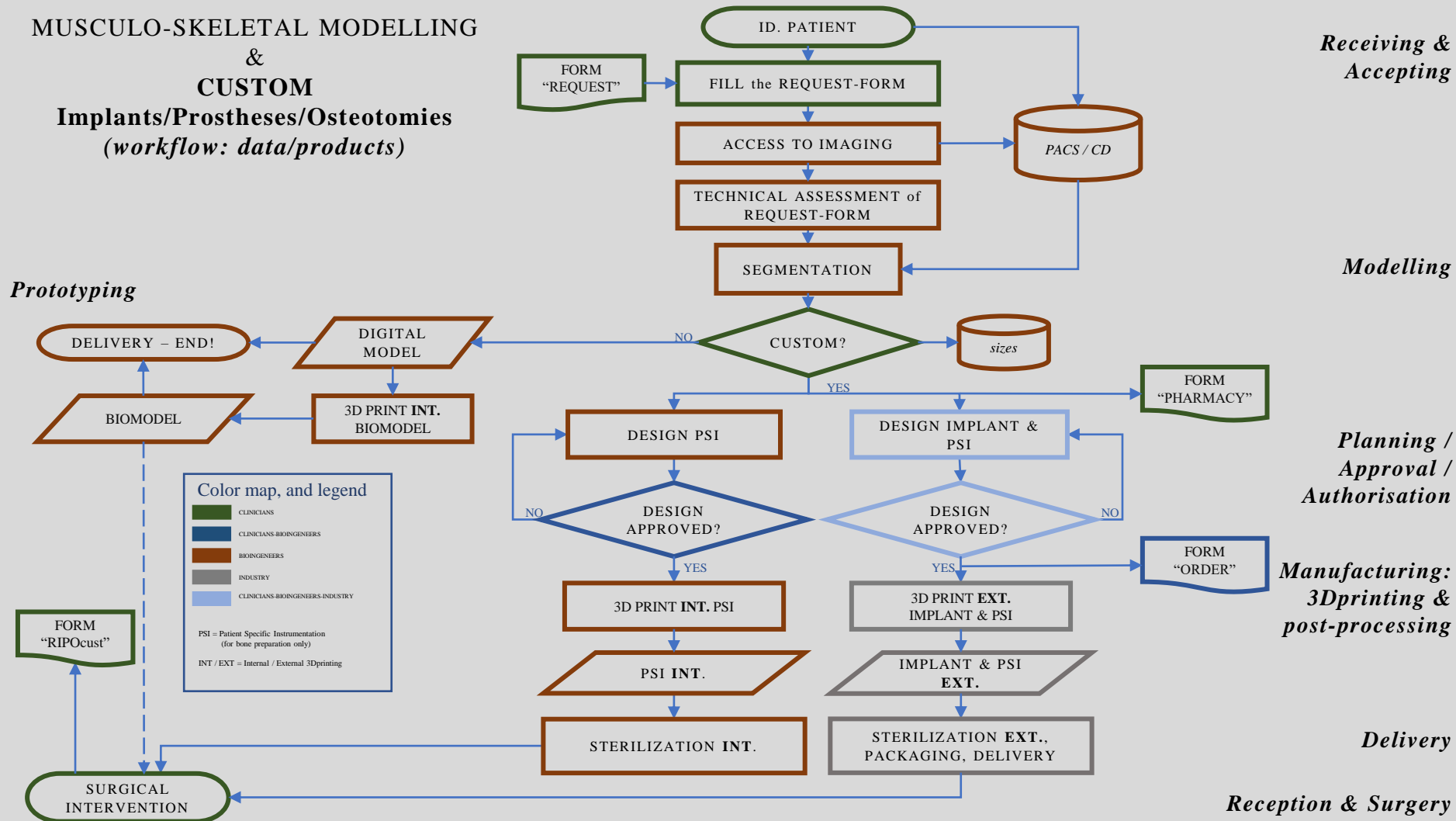


Organization / Administration: B plus (+ Biomech!)



'Rizzoli-su-Misura', the 3Dlab

MUSCULO-SKELETAL MODELLING & CUSTOM Implants/Prostheses/Osteotomies (workflow: data/products)



CUSTOM IMPLANTS in IOR

the lessons learned

▪ The Techniques / Tools:

- ☞ A fascinating value-chain involving many powerful **sw tools**;
- ☞ Implants are fine, but care to **implantation** (pre-op planning, PSI, etc.);
- ☞ Timing, quality, costs, ... already impressive; and are **improving** rapidly.

▪ The Overall Concept:

- ☞ Tailoring does result in **better treatments**, addressing many patient-specific conditions and expectations: also in elective surgery, also in remote;
- ☞ Personalization includes experience & **expertise of the surgeon**;
- ☞ A **big value overall**? Now more expensive, but quicker;
- ☞ Big value also in **planning, communication, education, training, learning-curve**;
- ☞ Potential revolutionary **new solutions** for the design (shapes, lattice, surfaces, fixation, interfaces, coating, ...) .

▪ Professional:

- ☞ Strategic role of **multi-disciplinary teams**, and of collaboration between University – Research – Healthcare – Industry

Thank You

leardini@ior.it

